

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS
INSTITUTE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION
MA Human Rights and Duties Education
Under Choice Based Credits System
(With effect from the academic year 2018-2019)

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SEMESTER - I	SUBJECTS	CREDIT	MAX MARKS		TOTAL
COURSE COMPONENT			INT	EXT	
Core Paper-I	Human Rights Meaning, Nature and Scope	4	20	80	100
Core Paper-II	Development of Human Rights-International Perspective	4	20	80	100
Core Paper-III	Theories of Human Rights	4	20	80	100
Core Paper-IV	Human Rights and Duties	4	20	80	100
Elective Paper-I	Human Rights and Indian Literature	3	20	80	100

SEMESTER -II	SUBJECTS	CREDIT	MAX MARKS		TOTAL
COURSE COMPONENT			INT	EXT	
Core Paper-V	Human Rights and Group Rights-I	4	20	80	100
Core Paper-VI	Human Rights-Group Rights-II	4	20	80	100
Core Paper-VII	Human Rights Violations and Redressal of Grievances	4	20	80	100
Core Paper-VIII	Human Rights and Statutory Bodies	4	20	80	100
Elective Paper-II	Business and Human Rights	3	20	80	100

SEMESTER -III	SUBJECTS	CREDIT	MAX MARKS		TOTAL
COURSE COMPONENT			INT	EXT	
Core Paper- IX	Human Rights and Indian Constitution	4	20	80	100
Core Paper- X	Human Rights and Related Acts	4	20	80	100
Core Paper- XI	Women and Human Rights	4	20	80	100
Core Paper- XII	Labour Rights and Human Rights	4	20	80	100
Elective Paper- III	Research Methodology	3	20	80	100

SEMESTER IV	SUBJECTS	CREDIT	MAX MARKS		TOTAL
COURSE COMPONENT			INT	EXT	
Core Paper- XIII	Human Rights And Environment	4	20	80	100
Core Paper- XIV	Media and Human Rights	4	20	80	100
Core Paper- XV	Human Rights and Cyber Space	4	20	80	100
Core Paper- XVI	Human Rights and Contemporary Issues	4	20	80	100
Elective Paper-IV	Education and Human Rights	3	20	80	100

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

		CREDITS
Core Paper	16X4	64
Elective	4X3	12
	Total	76

**MA Human Rights and Duties Education
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REVISED SYLLABUS

SEMESTER I

Core Paper: I- Human Rights Meaning, Nature and Scope

Unit-I

Basic Concept of Human Rights; Rights relating to Life, Liberty, Equality and Dignity of the individual -

Unit-II

What are Human Rights? - Definition of Human Rights: Sec. 2(d) of Protection Human Rights Act, 1993-Universal Declaration of Human Rights - -Principles of Human Rights.

Unit-III

Origin and Development of Human Rights- Reasons for the Growth of Human Rights- Historical Foundation of Human Rights-Human Right as Natural Right /Moral Right -

Unit-IV

Sources of Human Rights -Magna Carta American Declaration of Independence- Bill of Rights- French Declaration of Rights of the Man-U.N. Charter. - UN World Conference on Human Rights Instruments – Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action, 1993

Bibliography:

1. Amartya Sen, *The Idea Justice*, New Delhi: Penguin Books, 2009.
2. Conor Grealy and Adam Tomkins (Eds). *Understanding Human Rights*, London: Manshell, 1996.
3. David Beetham, *Politics and Human Rights*, Oxford: Blackwell, 1995
4. Gurpreet Mahajan Ed., *Democracy, Difference and Social Justice*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998.

5. James Nickel, *Making Sense of Human Rights: Philosophical Reflections on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights*, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1987.
6. John Rawls, *Law of the People*, Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 2001.
7. Michael Freedon, *Rights*, Delhi: World View, 1998(Indian Reprint)
8. Michael Freeman, *Human Rights: An Interdisciplinary Approach*, Oxford: Polity, 2002.
9. R.J. Vincent, *Human Rights and International Relations*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1986.
10. Ronald Dworkin, *Taking Rights Seriously*, London: Duckworth, 1978

Core Paper-II-Development of Human Rights - International Perspective

Unit-I

Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR), International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) Optional Protocols, International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR)-- International Convention on Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (CERD) - Convention against Torture (CAT)

Unit –II

Regional Instruments-The African Charter on Human Rights and Peoples Right- The American Convention on Human Rights and its Protocols – The European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms and its Protocols

Unit-III

United Nations – Main Organs - General Assembly- Security Council- Economic and Social Council – International Court of Justice – Secretariat - Specialised Agencies- ILO, FAO, WHO, WTO Human Rights Council – Universal Periodic Review

Unit-IV

Regional Human Rights Institutions- African Union-Organisation of American States- Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and South Asian Association of Regional Cooperation (SAARC)- Council of Europe (CoE)- European Union (EU)

Bibliography:

1. Blackstone’s International Human Rights Documents; Edited by P R Ghandhi
2. Texts and materials on International Human Rights by Rhona K M Smith
3. Ronald Dworkin, *Taking Rights Seriously*, London: Duckworth, 1978
4. SAHRDC, *Human Rights and Humanitarian Law*, New Delhi: South Asian Human Rights Documentation Centre, 2002

5. Stephen Shute and Susan Herley (Eds), *On Human Rights*, New York: Basic Books, 1993
6. Waldron, Jeremy. *Theories of Rights*, Oxford; Oxford University Press, 1984
7. Will Kymlicka (Eds), *Rights of Minority Cultures*, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1995

Core Paper-III-Theories of Human Rights

Unit-I

Western Political Theories- Liberal Perspective - Locke, Rousseau, Thomas Paine, J. S. Mill, A. V Dicey. Theory- Natural Right Theory-Theory of Social Rights-Theory of Historical Rights- John Rawls' Theory of Justice

Unit-II

Theory of Economic Rights- - Marxian Theory-The Interest Theory Approach- The Will Theory Approach- Moral Relativism.

Unit-III

Indian Concepts -Raj Neeti, Lok Neeti, Danda Neeti, Nyaya, Dharma. Concept of - VasudhaivaKutumbakam.

Unit IV

Gandian Sarvodaya Principle- Neo-Gandhianadian Thoughts- Vinoba, Jayaprakash Narayanan-Amartya Sen : Development as Freedom.

Bibliography:

1. S.N. Chaudhary, *Human rights and poverty in India: theoretical issues*, Delhi: Concepts, 2005.
2. Anuradha Kumar, *Encyclopaedia of Human Rights Development of under Privilege*, New Delhi: Sarup, 2002
3. M.H. Syed, *Human Rights in Islam: the Modern Perspective*, New Delhi: Anmol, 2003.
4. Mathur, *Crime, Human Rights and National Security*, New Delhi: Gyan Pub.
5. P.M. Katare and B.C. Barik, *Development, Deprivation and Human Rights Violation*, New Delhi: Rawat, 2002,
6. Mujawar, Wasiyoddin R., *Social and Political Movements for Human Rights*, Delhi: Manglam Pub., 2009.
7. Subramanian, K.S., *Political Violence and the Police in India*, Los Angel: Sage, 2007.

Core Paper-IV-Human Rights and Duties

Unit-I

Basic Concept: Meaning of Rights- Kinds of Rights- Meaning of Duty- Relationship Between Rights and Duties- Universalism and Cultural Relativism

Unit-II

Gandhian Perspective (Ruskin, Thoreau, Tolstoy) : State, Power, Swaraj, Rights and Duties.

Unit- III

State Duties and the Duties of other Entities Exercising Authority- Retreat of the Nation-State-Science, Technology, and Human Rights and Duties-Need of Spelling out Human Duties and Eternal Human Values.

Unit-IV

Duties Under Indian Constitution- Art-51A (a) to (g)-Respect the Ideals and Institutions National Flag and National Anthem- to Promote harmony and Sprit of the common brother hood-to value and preserver rich heritage of our composite culture-to improve national environment-to develop humanism and the spirit of inquiry.

Bibliography:

1. SAHRDC, *Human Rights and International Law*, OUP, New Delhi, 2008.
2. M. R. Ishay, *The History of Human Rights*, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Kalin and Kunzli, *The Law of International Human Rights Protection*, OUP, Clarendon, 2009.
4. M K. Sinha (ed.), *International Criminal Law and Human Rights*, Manak Publications, New Delhi, 2010.
5. R H. Callaway and J. Harrelson-Stephens (eds.), *Explaining International Human Rights*, Viva, New Delhi, 2010.
6. United Nations, *Human Rights: A Compilation of International Instruments*, Bookwell, New Delhi, 2002.
7. Jansuez Symonides (ed.), *Human Rights*, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2005.
8. A H Robertson and J G Merrills, *Human Rights in the World*, Universal, Delhi, 2005.
9. Richard Clayton and Hugh Tomlinson (eds.), *The Law of Human Rights*, (2 vols.),

Elective Paper- I-Human Rights and Indian Literature

Unit-I

Human Rights and Religious Texts- Vedas- Upanishads- Holy Bible- Quran- Bhavatgita

Unit-II

Human Rights Indian Epics- Mahabaratha Human - Ashoka's Edict

Unit-III

Human Rights and Sangam Literature-Thirukural -Dalit Perspective:Phule, Narayna Guru, Ambedkar - Tribal Rights

Unit: IV

Human Rights Feminism in India- Rabindranath Tagore-Kamini Roy-Kamala Das-Chitra Banerjee Divakaruni-LalithambikaAntharjanam – IsmatChughtai

Bibliography

1. Anuradha Kumar, *Encyclopaedia of Human Rights Development of under Privilege*,
2. New Delhi: Sarup, 2002
3. M.H. Syed, *Human Rights in Islam: the Modern Perspective*, New Delhi: Anmol,
4. 2003.
5. Mathur, *Crime, Human Rights and National Security*, New Delhi: Gyan Pub.
6. P.M. Katare and B.C. Barik, *Development, Deprivation and Human Rights Violation*,
7. New Delhi: Rawat, 2002,
8. Mujawar, Wasiyoddin R., *Social and Political Movements for Human Rights*, Delhi:
9. Manglam Pub., 2009.
10. Subramanian, K.S., *Political Violence and the Police in India*, Los Angel: Sage, 2007.
11. B. Goswami, *Human Rights and reforming the law: a compendium of articles of*
12. *Human Rights and Legal Reforms*, Jaipur: Raj Pub., 2008.

SEMESTER – II

Core Paper-V- Human Rights and Group Rights-I

Unit-I- Children

Rights of the Child-UNConvention on the Rights of the Child 1989-Definition of the child- Non-discrimination-Protection of rights-Parental guidance-Registration, name, nationality, care-Preservation of identity-Family reunification-Protection of Privacy-Education- Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict -2000-Definition of a child soldier-protection of children from recruitment and using in hostilities-Prohibition under International Law.

Unit-II- Women

Concepts-Gender Justice- Empowerment of Women- Women's Right as Human Rights- Protection of the Human Rights of Women under International Law-Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women-Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action-The Commission on the Status of Women-The right to a nationality-Women's Human Rights in Conflicts and Crises-Sexual and gender-based violence in conflict and post-conflict settings.

Unit-III- Labour Rights

International Labour Organisation- Rights of the Workers- Freedom of Association- Collective bargaining-The abolition of forced or compulsory labour-Equality of opportunity and treatment in employment and occupation-Protection of children and young persons'- International Labour Standards on Migrant workers- Meaning of Migrant Workers.

Unit-IV- Indian Perspective

The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation), Act 1986 and Amendment Act, 2016- Child Marriage-Right to Children for Free and Compulsory Education - Child trafficking-Juvenile Justice Care and Protection-Protection of Children from Sexual Offences.

Bibliography:

1. D.C. Nanjunda, *Child Labour and Human Rights: A Prospective*, Delhi: Kalpaz Pub., 2008.
2. S.N. Chaudhary, *Human Rights and Poverty in India: Theoretical Issues*, Delhi: Concepts, 2005.
3. R. Ganga, *Children's Rights as basic Human Rights*, New Delhi: Reference Press, 2007.
4. SaksenaAnu, *Gender and Human Rights: Status of Women Workers in India*, Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2004.
5. Gurusamy, S., *Human Rights and Gender Justice*, New Delhi: APH, 2009.

Paper-VI- Human Rights and Group Rights-II

Unit-I- Minorities

Minorities- Definition under International Law- Kinds of Minorities-Relationship between minorities, non-citizens and stateless persons-Scope of Minority Rights Protection-Survival and existence-Promotion and protection of the identity of minorities-Equality and non-discrimination-Effective and meaningful participation.

Unit-II- Indigenous People

Meaning-The Rights of Indigenous Peoples under International Law- United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples- Right to Self Determination-Fundamental Rights- Life and Security-Culture, Religion, and Language Laws-Education, Media, and Employment -Participation and Development-Land and Resources.

Unit-III-IDPS

Meaning of IDPs-Protection during and after Displacement: Humanitarian Assistance-Movement-Related Rights- Life- Food- Water and Sanitation- Basic Shelter and Adequate Housing- Health- Recognition, Issuance, and Replacement of Documentation- Property and Possession- Employment- Economic Activities- Social Protection- Electoral Rights-Education.

Unit-IV- Refugees

Meaning of Refugees- difference between Refugee and IDPs- statelessness - Asylum-Non-Refoulement-Freedom of Movement-The right to liberty and security-Right to Family Life-Right to Education-Access to Justice-Employment-UNHCR- Procedure to get refugee status-Third Country Settlement- India and Refugees

Bibliography

1. V.V. Devasia, *Women, Social Justice and Human Rights*, New Delhi: APH, 2009.
2. Jhon K. Thomas, *Human Rights of Tribals*, Delhi: ISha Books, 2005.
3. Thiagaraj, *Human Rights from the Dalit Perspective*, New Delhi: GyanPublishing, 2007
4. Roger Brownsword (ed.), *Human Rights*, OUP, Clarendon, 2004.
5. A Plomer, *The Law and Ethics of Medical Research: International Bioethics and HumanRights*, OUP, Clarendon, 2005.
6. A Murray (ed.), *Human Rights in the Digital Age*, OUP, Clarendon, 2005.
7. F Francioni (ed.), *Biotechnology and International Human Rights*, OUP, Clarendon, 2007.
8. Nuffield Council on Bioethics, *Genetically Modified Crops: The Ethical and SocialIssues*, OUP, London, 1999.

Core Paper-VII -Human Rights Violations and Redressal of Grievances

Unit-I-Human Rights Violations

Meaning-Human Rights Violators-Types of Violation-Abuses by armed groups-Caste-based discrimination and violence-Communal and ethnic violence-Extrajudicial killings-Treatment of Dalits, Tribal Groups, and Religious Minorities-Death Penalty- Custodial Violence-Custodial Death-Custodial Rape- Custodial Torture.

Unit-II-Security of the State Versus Human Rights

Preventive Detentions Laws-MISA- NSA-TADA-Prevention of UnLawful Activates Act-Art.22 of the Indian Constitution- COFEPOSA- FEMA.

Unit-III- Protection Laws

TheProtection of Human Rights Act-1993- Human Rights Courts-State Human Rights Commission-National Human Rights Commission-Constitution-Powers and Functions-Procedure-Suomotu powers of the State and National Human Rights Commission.

Unit-IV- Indian Judiciary

Compensation- Writ Jurisdiction – Public Interest Litigation (PIL).

Bibliography

1. R.J. Vincent, *Human Rights and International Relations*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1986.
2. Ronald Dworkin, *Taking Rights Seriously*, London: Duckworth, 1978
3. SAHRDC, *Human Rights and Humanitarian Law*, New Delhi: South Asian Human Rights, Documentation Centre, 2002
4. Stephen Shute and Susan Herley (Eds), *On Human Rights*, New York: Basic Books, 1993
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7. United Nations Development Programme, *Human Development Report 2004: Cultural*
8. *Liberty in Today's Diverse World*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2004.

Core Paper -VIII- Human Rights and Statutory Bodies

National Human Rights Commission – State Human Rights Commission

Unit-I

National Human Rights Commission-Constitution, Powers and Functions of National Human Rights Commission- Appointment of Chair Man and Members- Tenure of Office- Removal from Office- Suomotou Powers- Procedure

Unit-II

State Human Rights Commission- Constitution, Powers and Functions of National Human Rights Commission- Appointment of Chair Man and Members- Tenure of Office- Removal from Office- Suomotou Powers- Procedure for complaints.

Unit-III

Human Rights Court- Powers- Functions- Procedure

Unit- IV- Statutory Bodies

Minority Commission- Women's Commission- Commission for SC/ST, Backward Commission- Constitution- Powers –Functions.

Bibliography

1. G.S. Bhargava, Human Rights of Dalits: Social Violation, New Delhi: Gyan,2001.
2. Shinde, Prem K., Dalits and Human Rights, Delhi: Isha Books, 2005.
3. Sri Krishna, S., Dalit and Human Rights, New Delhi: Serial Pub., 2007
4. B.P. Singh, Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives, New Delhi: Deep &Deep, 2008.
5. Aftab Alam, Human Rights in India: Issues and Challenges, Delhi: Raj Publications, 2004.
6. Shanker Sen, Tryst with Law Enforcement and Human Rights: four decades in Indian, Police, New Delhi: APH, 2009.
7. Harsh Bhanwar, Human Rights Law in India: Protection and Implementation of the
8. Human Rights, New Delhi: Regal Pub., 2008.
9. JaiswalJaishree, Human Rights of accused and juveniles: Delinquent in conflict and Law,Delhi: Kalpaz: 2005.

Elective Paper- II- Business and Human Rights

Unit-I- Basic Principles

Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights; OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises-proposed binding international treaty- The Changing role of corporation in the Society- Nature of the human rights responsibilities of business in the context of socio-economic rights.

Unit-II- Corporate Social Responsibility

CSR and Human Rights- Evolution of CSR-Indian Companies Act-2013-Economic Development and its relationship with Sustainable Development- safeguarding rights of migrant workers- Role of financial and non-financial reporting regulations in promoting business respect for human rights- Tools to protect human rights situations involving conflict minerals, forced labour and human trafficking

Unit: III- Accountability of Corporations-Issues

Overcoming barriers in holding corporations accountable- doctrine of forum non convenience- piercing of the corporate veil-lack of information and legal aid-corruption-judicial delays-complicity

Unit: IV- Remedies

Current avenues for seeking access to remedies: National Contact Point (NCP) complaint system, parent company's direct duty of care, mandatory human rights due diligence, resort to National Human Rights Institutions (NHRIs) and international financial institutions (IFIs) accountability mechanisms, social movements

Bibliography

1. Dorothee Baumann-Pauly, Business and Human Rights: From Principles to Practice, SBN-13: 978-1138833562
2. Nadia Bernaz, ISBN-13: 978-1138683006, Routledge; 1 edition (October 12, 2016)
3. Lara Blecher, Corporate Responsibility for Human Rights Impacts: New Expectations and Paradigms, American Bar Association (April 16, 2015)
4. B.N. Ghosh, Business Ethics and Corporate Governance, McGraw Hill Education
5. Renu Nainawat, and Ravi Meena, Corporate Governance and Business Ethics, Global Journal of Management and Business Studies. ISSN 2248-9878 Volume 3, Number 10 (2013), pp. 1085-1090
6. G K Kapoor, Sanjay, Company Law and Practice (Paperback), Tax Man.

SEMESTER – III

Core Paper-IX- Paper-I-Human Rights and Indian Constitution

Unit-I

India's Independence Movements-Human Rights and the Constituent Assembly-Fundamental Rights in India

Unit-II

Rights under Part-III of the Indian Constitution- Right to Equality- Abolition of Untouchability- Six Freedoms-Protection in respect of conviction for offences- Protection of Personal Liberty-Right to Education-Protection against arbitrary arrest and detention-Prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour Right against exploitation- Right to Freedom of Religion-Cultural and Educational Rights of Minorities

Unit-III

Directive Principles of State Policy- Meaning- Implementation of the Directive Principles- Significance of the Directive Principles-Economic, Social and Cultural Rights- Relationship between Fundamental Right and Directive Principles of State Policy- Rights of the Marginalized

Unit-IV

Constitutional Remedy- Art.32 and Art.226-Writ Jurisdiction- Writ of Habeas Corpus – Writ of Mandamus-Writ of Prohibition- Writ of Certiorari-Writ of Quo-warranto

Bibliography

1. Aftab Alam, *Human Rights in India: Issues and Challenges*, Delhi: Raj Publications, 2004.
2. L.K. Thakur, *Essentials of POTO and other Human Rights Laws*, New Delhi: AuthorPress, 2002.
3. Awasthi , S.K. & R.P. Kataria, *Law Relating to Protection of Human Right*, New Delhi:Orient Publishing, 2002.
4. South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre (SAHRDC), *Handbook of Human*
5. *Rights and Criminal Justice in India: the System and Procedure*, New Delhi: OUP, 2006.
6. K.P. Saxena, (ed.), *Human Rights and the Constitution: Vision and the Reality*, New Delhi: Gyan Publishing, 2003

Core Paper-X-Human Rights and India- Related Acts

Unit-I

The Protection of Human Rights Act-1993- Meaning of Human Rights- Constitution of Human Rights Courts-State Human Rights Commission- National Human Rights Commission-Powers and Functions of Commission- Nature of the Commission- Complaint Procedure- Appointment of Commissioners- Procedure-Tenure of Office- Secretarial Staffs-

Unit-II

The Right to Information Act- Meaning of Information- Data- Authorities under the Act- power and Function- Exception-Appeals and Limitation-Central Information Commission- State Information Commission-Appointment of Chief Information Commissioner and Other Information Commissioners-Procedure for appointment- tenure of Office- Removal of Office

Unit-III

Right to Education Act-Salient features of the Act- Definitions-capitation fee-child belonging to disadvantaged group-child belonging to weaker section-child with disability-elementary education-National Commission for Protection of Child Rights-guardian-parent-school-specified category-Right of child to free and compulsory education-Right of transfer to other school-Duty of appropriate Government and local authority to establish school-Sharing of financial and other responsibilities-Prohibition of holding back and expulsion-Prohibition of physical punishment and mental harassment to child-Duties of teachers and redressal of grievances-Pupil-Teacher Ratio-Prohibition of private tuition by teacher-Monitoring of child's right to education-Constitution of National and State Advisory Council-Previous sanction for prosecution

Unit-IV

The Protection of Civil Rights Act- Definitions-civil rights-place of public entertainment-place of public worship-Scheduled Castes-shop-Punishment for enforcing religious disabilities-Punishment for enforcing social disabilities-Punishment for refusing to admit person to hospitals-Punishment for refusing to sell goods or render services-Power of State Government to impose collective fine-Enhanced penalty on subsequent conviction-Presumption by Courts in certain cases-Limitation of Jurisdiction of Civil Courts-Offences by companies-Protection of action taken in good faith-Offences to be cognizable and triable summarily

Bibliography

1. Mathur, *Crime, Human Rights and National Security*, New Delhi: Gyan Pub.
2. P.M. Katare and B.C. Barik, *Development, Deprivation and Human Rights Violation*, New Delhi: Rawat, 2002,

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4. Subramanian, K.S., *Political Violence and the Police in India*, Los Angel: Sage, 2007.
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6. *Human Rights and Legal Reforms*, Jaipur: Raj Pub., 2008.
7. James Vadackumchery, *Policing the Police: a Nation's Cry*, New Delhi: KaveriBooks, 2003.
8. Paras Diwan, &PeeyushiDiwan, *Human Rights and the Law: Universal and Indian*, New Delhi : Deep & Deep,1998.

Core Paper-XI- Women and Human Rights

Unit-I

Women and the Indian Constitution- Affirmative action and women- Violence against women -Rights of Women against Exploitation-Rights of Women under Directive Principle of State Policy-Political Representations of Women- Right to choose a Partner- Right to Abortion - Right to Procreation

Unit-II

Rights of women under Criminal Law-Causing Miscarriage-Modesty of Women-Acid Attack-Indecent Representation of women- Dowry Prohibition Act-Domestic Violence Act-Protection of Women from Sexual Harassment in the Working Place- Female Infanticide and Foeticide- Criminal Law Amendment Act, 2013

Unit-III

Women Human Rights in India: Right to equality-Right to education- Right to live with dignity- Right to liberty-Right to political participation-Right to property-Right to equal opportunity for employment-Right to free choice of profession-Right to livelihood-Right to work in equitable condition-Right to get equal wages for equal work-Right to protection from gender discrimination-Right to social protection in the eventuality of retirement, old age and sickness- Right to protection from inhuman treatment-Right to health-Right to sexual and reproductive health - Right to privacy in terms of personal life, family, residence, correspondence.

Unit-IV

Special Initiatives for Women- National Commission for Women- The National Plan of Action for the Girl Child (1991-2000)- National Policy for the Empowerment of Women, 2001

Bibliography

1. Richard Clayton and Hugh Tomlinson (eds.), *The Law of Human Rights*, (2 vols.), OUP, Clarendon, 2005.
2. D.C. Nanjunda, *Child Labour and Human Rights: A Prospective*, Delhi: Kalpaz Pub., 2008.
3. R. Ganga, *Children's Rights as basic Human Rights*, New Delhi: Reference Press, 2007.
4. SaksenaAnu, *Gender and Human Rights: Status of Women Workers in India*, Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2004.
5. Gurusamy, S., *Human Rights and Gender Justice*, New Delhi: APH, 2009.
6. A.K. Jha, *Child Abuse and Human Rights*, N.D.: Anmol, 2006.

Core Paper-XII- Labour Rights and Human Rights

Unit-I

Freedom to choose any profession/occupation-Constitutional provisions-prohibits forced labour-Relevant ILO standards-Forced Labour Convention, 1930-Abolition of Forced Labour Convention, 1957-National Legislation-The Bonded Labour Abolition Act, 1976 – Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act and the Amendment Act

Unit-II

Freedom of Association-Constitutional Provisions-Art-19(1) (b)-Relevant ILO standards-Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organize, 1948-Right to Organize and Collective bargaining, 1949-Collective Bargaining Convention, 1981-National Legislation-The Trade Union Act, 1926-amended by Trade Unions (Amendment) Act, 2001-The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947- Minimum Wages Act

Unit-III

Safe and hygienic Working Condition-Constitutional provisions- Art.39 (e)-Art.40 (DPSP)- Relevant ILO standards-Occupational Safety and Health Convention, 1981-Occupational Health Services Convention, 1985-Promotional Framework for Occupational Safety and Health Convention, 2006-Safety and Health in Mines Convention, 1995-National legislation-Factories Act, 1948, and State Rules-Factories Act, 1948 Health (sections 11 to 20) -Safety (sections 21 to 41) -Welfare (sections 42 to 50)-The Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948-Maternity Benefit Act

Unit-IV

No discrimination should be practised-Constitutional provisions-Relevant ILO standards-Equal Remuneration Convention, 1951-Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention 1958-Workers with family responsibilities convention, 1981-Maternity Protection Convention, 2000

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1. Ramesh Kumar Tiwari, Human Rights and Law: Bonded Labour in India, Foundation Books, 2011, ISBN-8175967463, 9788175967465
2. Human Rights, Labour Rights, and International Trade, edited by Lance A. Compa and Stephen F. Diamond, PENN University of Pennsylvania Press Philadelphia
3. Simpson, William R., The ILO and Tripartism: Some Reflections
4. Chris Howell Trade Unions and the State
5. Ryszard Cholewinski, Migrant Workers in International Human Rights Law: Their Protection in Countries of Employment

Elective Paper-III-Research Methodology

Unit-I

Meaning of Research-Scientific Research-Kinds of Research- Socio-Legal Research-Doctrinal-Non-Doctrinal Research-Qualitative and quantitative Research- Empirical research

Unit-II

Formulation of Research Problem- Hypothesis-Meaning- Kinds of Hypothesis-Sampling-design of Samples-Types of Sample.

Unit- III

Tools and Technique of Data Collection-Use of Questionnaire and Interview Method-Use of Case Study Method Classification of Data-Analysis of Data

Unit- IV

Writing the research Reports-Presentation of Findings.

Bibliography

1. D K Bhattacharyya, Research Methodology, Excel Books India, 2006.
2. Abdul Rahim, Thesis Writing: Manual for All Researchers, The New Age International Publisher, New Delhi.
3. C R Kothari, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, The New Age International Publisher, New Delhi.
4. Ram Ahuja, Research Methods, Sage Publishers, New Delhi.
5. R. Cavallo, Systems Methodology in Social Science Research: Recent Developments

SEMESTER - IV

Core Paper-XIII-Human Rights and Environment

Unit: I

Origin and development of Environmental Protection- Pollution- Causes for Pollution- Kinds of Pollution- Right to Clean Environment as a Human Right.

Unit: II

International Protection-Sources and General Principles of International Environmental Law- Stockholm Conference 1972- Rio-Summit-1992-Trair Smelter Arbitration - Concept of Sustainable Development- Polluter Pays Principle-Inter generational equity.

Unit-III

History of Environmental Protection in India-Constitutional Provisions-Fundamental Right to Environment-Directive Principles relating to Environment- PIL

Unit-IV

Laws protecting Environment in India

Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act-1974- Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act,1981-Environment (Protection) Act,1986- Public Participation in Environmental Decision Making- Indian Judiciary- Central and State Pollution Control Board- National Green Tribunal

Bibliography

1. Emily Reid, Balancing Human Rights, Environmental Protection and International Trade, Hart Publishing
2. HUMAN RIGHTS, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION: LINKAGES IN LAW AND PRACTICE, A Background Paper for the WHO
3. Environment and Human Rights, NATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION
4. Leelakrishnan's, Environmental Law in India, Lexi Nexus, Delhi
5. Dr. J. J. R. Upadhaya, Environmental Law, Central Law Agency, New Delhi

Core Paper: XIV- Media and Human Rights

Unit- I

Freedom of expression in human rights theory- Freedom of expression and information in Indian Constitution-Right to freedom of expression and information in human rights instruments -Permissible limitations of the ICCPR right to freedom of expression- Art-19 of UDHR-Art.19- ICCPR- Art.19 of the Indian Constitution-

Unit-II

Definition of Mass Media- Kinds of Media-Technology and Media- Privatisation and Growth of Media-Meaning of Speech-Kinds of Speech-Hate speech - Freedom of Press-Law of Defamation-Dignity-Blasphemy-Sedition- digital media

Unit-III

Press Council of India- Issues and Challenges of Print Media-Influence of Technology -Film as Media- Internet and Social Media

Unit-IV

Cinematograph Act-1952-Cable T.V. Regulations- Broad Casting Bill of India-Information Technology Act

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Core Paper XV- Human Rights and Cyber Space

Unit-I

Freedom of expression and the Internet-The scope of IHRL as it application in cyber Space-- Right to respect for private life and correspondence - Right to freedom of opinion and expression. The meaning and evolution of the right to privacy in the cyber space-State Responsibility to Respect, Ensure Respect and Fulfil Human Rights Obligations in Cyberspace-Rights in cyberspace: custom and UN law-The extraterritorial application of Human Rights treaty obligations-Right to privacy in practice: Privacy enhancing technology

Unit-II

Sources and kinds of conflicts involving IHRL in cyber-The right to freedom of expression and the right to anonymity in cyber-The cyber future of privacy norms in the context of 'traffic-data' particularly cross-border dataflow

Unit-III

Current issues of 'Internet censorship'-Cyber-bullying-Cyber-racism-Cyber-sexism/sexual harassment- Cyber-homophobia

Unit-IV

Some regulatory challenges- Balancing of rights- Permanency-Anonymity-Issues with law enforcement-Regulation of 'offensive' behaviour-Regulation of workplace (cyber bullying)- Regulation of Internet providers and content hosts-Regulation of producers of content and upload of/access to content

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Paper- XVI- Human Rights and Contemporary Issues

Unit -I

Corruption and human rights-Meaning of Corruption- United Nation Convention against Corruption- Prevention of Corruption Act- OMBUDS MAN-Central Vigilance Commission-Constitution of Commission-Powers and Function of CVC.

Unit-II

Human rights, climate change and displacement- Meaning of Climate Change-Human Rights Approach to Climate Change-Human Rights Implications of Actions to Combat Climate Change-United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change- Kyoto Protocol-Cancun agreements.

Unit-III

Legal status of Right to Development- 1986- General Assembly Resolution-Basic Concepts of the Right to Development-State Acceptance and Practice.

Unit IV

What is Globalization? -Effects of globalisation. The Frame work of International Human Rights Law-The Framework of International Trade Law-International Responses to the Problems of Globalization and Human Rights.

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Elective Paper –IV- Education and Human Rights

Unit-I

Human rights and values education in the global context the strengthening of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms.

Unit - II

The full development of the human personality and the sense of its dignity - the promotion of understanding, tolerance, gender equality and friendship among all nations - indigenous peoples and racial, national, ethnic, religious and linguistic groups;

Unit - III

The enabling of all persons to participate effectively in a free and democratic society governed by the rule of law; - the building and maintenance of peace –

Unit - IV

The promotion of people-centred sustainable development and social justice

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